

INSTALL GUIDE · EVERYONE

Finding anything with the search box

Type a name, address, MAC, CVE, ticket number, words from a log, or a regular expression. One match opens directly; more are grouped with links, a log count and an "Ask Intelligence" button.

Uplivra Technologies LLC · Guide for Uplivra 26.10 · Updated 28 September 2026 · Latest version:
<https://uplivra.com/guides/search.html>

The search box finds anything

At the top of every page. Plain words match anywhere; /pattern/ or re:pattern is a regular expression.

You type

core-sw1 · 10.0.0.5
 4c:e1:75 · CVE-2024-3400
 #1042 · "link down"
 /^sw-(hq|br)[0-9]+\$/

Uplivra searches

Only what you're allowed to see
 Devices, checks, alerts, logs
 Intelligence notices and answers
 MACs, DHCP, IP plans, VLANs
 CVEs, configurations, tickets...

One match

Opens it directly
 (a device typed exactly, too)

More than one

Grouped, with links
 Log count with a link
 Ask Intelligence about it

Searched

Pages and settings · devices (name, address, MAC, maker, model, serial, location, tags, notes) · checks · alerts · logs (last 7 days)
 Intelligence notices and earlier answers · MAC addresses · DHCP leases and scopes · subnets and reserved addresses · VLANs · discovery
 Vulnerabilities · configuration backups (the matching line) · help desk tickets · runbooks · captures · maintenance · cloud · services
 Status pages · certificates · people · device logins (names only) · saved log searches · the audit log · sites and collectors

Regular expressions

Go syntax, not case-sensitive: /^fw-/ finds names starting fw-; re:link (up|down) finds either; /10\.\1\.[0-9]+\.\1\$/ finds gateways.
 The same /pattern/ works in the log search. A pattern that doesn't compile says why instead of searching.

How it works

The box at the top of every page searches everything you're allowed to see. You only get results from the parts of Uplivra your access profile includes.

- **One match** opens directly. So does a device whose name, address or MAC address you type exactly.
- **More than one** shows them grouped (devices first), each with a link. **Open the page** takes you to the full list.

- **Logs** are counted for the last 7 days, with a button that runs the same search in the log search.
- **Ask Uplivra Intelligence** starts a question with what you typed (with the Intelligence module).
- To see every match instead of jumping to the only one, search again from the search page.

What it searches

Area	What's matched
Pages	Every page and setting by name, and common words for it ("smtp" finds Email servers)
Devices	Name, address, MAC and maker, vendor, model, serial number, role, location, owner, tags, notes, site
Checks	Check type, its last message and its settings
Alerts	Title and message
Logs	Words, as the log search reads them (last 7 days)
Uplivra Intelligence	Notices (title, detail, evidence) from the last 90 days, and earlier questions and answers
Network	MAC addresses and makers, DHCP leases and scopes, subnets (an address finds its subnet), reserved addresses, VLANs, discovered hosts
Security	Vulnerabilities (CVE ID, summary, product) and the matching line of each device's latest configuration backup
Work	Help desk tickets (#1042 or words), runbooks, captures, maintenance windows, services, status pages
Administration	Sites and collectors, cloud accounts and resources, certificates, people, device login names (never passwords), saved log searches, the audit log

Regular expressions

Put the pattern between slashes, or start with `re:` . Matching ignores upper and lower case.

You type	Finds
<code>/^sw-(hq br)[0-9]+\$</code>	Names such as sw-hq1 and sw-br12, not sw-hq-old
<code>re:link (up down)</code>	Anything saying "link up" or "link down", including log messages
<code>/10\.1\.[0-9]+\.[0-9]\$</code>	Addresses ending in .1 in 10.1.x.x
<code>/^4c:e1:75/</code>	MAC addresses from one maker's range

The syntax is Go's (RE2): no look-arounds or back-references, and it can't run away on large data. The same `/pattern/` works in **Logs**. A pattern that doesn't compile says why instead of searching.